What to Do in Case of a Manure Spill

1. Stop the flow at the source
   - Stop manure application, turn off pumps
   - Close valves and clamp or park tractor on the hose

2. Contain the spill
   - Build containment berm in field or ditch
   - Divert from critical sites (wells, ditches, tile inlets, waterways, lakes, ponds, sinkholes, rivers, etc.)
   - In field use tillage equipment to slow the flow
   - Check for tile flows. Plug tile lines if manure has entered them
   - Construct a temporary holding basin down slope from the release
   - Use absorbent material such as straw, soil or waste feed to absorb the release

3. Notify the proper authorities

4. Clean up and Restore Site

5. Prepare and submit summary

   BOTH DNR Hotline and Fond du Lac County (Dispatch)

   Emergency Phone Numbers

   DNR 24-Hour Spill Hotline  1-800-943-0003
   Fond du Lac County (Dispatch) (920) 929-3390
   Inform dispatcher you want to report a manure spill.

   Other Important Phone Numbers

   DNR — Agricultural Runoff Management Specialist  (920) 303-5426
   Diggers Hotline Emergency Number (877) 500-9592
   Land and Water Conservation Department (920) 923-3033, ext. 101

When you report a spill, you will need to provide the following information:

- Your name, address and phone number
- Date and time of spill
- Location of spill and possible land or water feature spill was draining to (i.e., ditch, stream, bedrock)
- Property owner’s name and address where spill occurred
- The quantity and physical state of the discharged substance (ex. 20,000 gallons of liquid manure)
- Actions taken to stop the release an/or minimize the impact to the environment
- The actual or potential impacts to human health and the environment
An accidental spill is not illegal. Failure to report it is.

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<th>Earthmoving Contractors</th>
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<th>Neighbors with Equipment</th>
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## Manure Spills

- Create a dam to stop the flow of manure.
- Divert manure from critical sites, including culverts, as shown in this picture.
- Use a vacuum truck to remove manure from critical sites.

## Manure Run-off from Fields

- Stop manure application immediately
- Contain run-off immediately through the use of berms and basins
- Divert manure run-off from critical sites including: wells, channels, ditches, waterways, streams, rivers, lakes, ponds, tile inlets, broken tile lines, sinkholes, and bedrock near the surface
- Incorporate applied manure
- Plug tile lines if manure has entered them
- Evaluate and eliminate the situation that caused the run-off

## Leaks and Spills from Manure Storage Facilities

- Determine the safest way to stop the leak. Contact Land and Water Conservation Department immediately for assistance.
- Divert manure from critical sites including: wells, channels, ditches, waterways, streams, rivers, lakes, ponds, tile inlets, broken tile lines, sinkholes, and bedrock near the surface
- Find a neighbor with available storage capacity or if field conditions warrant, remove enough manure until next application (e.g. spring or fall).

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